ARC Workshop Notes\_ December 1, 2020 Yegoryan

**RUN-ON SENTENCES**- Grammar mistake

When 2 Independent Clauses / Simple Sentences that clashed, joined in together (or run-on each other) because of the lack of correct punctuation and/or **conjunctions.**

**2 Types of Run-ons**

* **Fused**

**Ex. I went to the mall I bought a new dress.**

**Most people shop online the companies benefit more from online purchases.**

* **Comma splice**

**Ex. I went to the mall, I bought a new dress.**

**Most people shop online, the companies benefit more from online purchases.**

**TOOLS NEEDED TO CORRECT RUN-ONS**

**Punctuations:**

; / . / ?/ ! / - / ( , + conjunction)

**Conjunctions:**

* **Coordinating: For, And, Nor, But, Or, Yet, So**
* **Subordinating: when, if, although, because, since, after, while, before, despite**
* **Transitional: however, moreover, therefore, thus, hence, consequently, also, besides**

**Sentence Types:**

* **Simple: 1 Independent Clause**
* **Compound: 2 Independent Clauses (use Coordinating / Transitional)**
* **Complex: 1 Independent and 1 Dependent Clause (use Subordinating)**
* Complex Compound

**CORRECTING RUN-ON SENTENCES:**

**Run-on examples to be corrected:**

**I went to the mall I bought a new dress.**

**Most people shop online, the companies benefit more from online purchases.**

**1. Make 2 Simple sentences by using** ?/ ! / . / - /

**I went to the mall! I bought a new dress!**

**Most people shop online. The companies benefit more from online purchases.**

**2. Make a Compound sentence by using:**

* **;**
* **, Coordinating conjunction**
* **; Transitional conjunctions,**

**I went to the mall; I bought a new dress.**

**I went to the mall, and I bought a new dress.**

**I went to the mall; thus, I bought a new dress!**

**Most people shop online; therefore, the companies benefit more from online purchases.**

**Most people shop online, so the companies benefit more from online purchases.**

**3. Make a Complex sentences using Subordinating Conjunctions and, *(when needed)***

**When I went to the mall, I bought a new dress.**

**I bought a new dress when I went to the mall.**

**Since most people shop online, the companies benefit more from online purchases.**

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**An example of Correcting a Run-on Sentence**

Comma-spliced Run-on: Judy leads a charmed life, she never seems to have a serious accident.

1. Judy leads a charmed life. She never seems to have a serious accident. (2 Simple sentences)

2. Judy leads a charmed life; she never seems to have a serious accident. (Compound Sent)

3. Judy leads a charmed life, so she never seems to have a serious accident. (Compound Sent)

4. Judy leads a charmed life; therefore, she never seems to have a serious accident. (Compound Sent)

5. Since Judy leads a charmed life, she never seems to have a serious accident. (Complex Sent)

6. She never seems to have a serious accident because Judy leads a charmed life. (Complex Sent)

**Practice Quiz**

[**http://guidetogrammar.org/grammar/quizzes/runons\_quiz.htm**](http://guidetogrammar.org/grammar/quizzes/runons_quiz.htm)

[**http://englishmistakeswelcome.com/run-on%20quiz.htm**](http://englishmistakeswelcome.com/run-on%20quiz.htm)

* **Remember the phrases are not independent clauses/ sentences – they are separated from the main idea**

**(ind. clause) by a comma.**

**There 3 types of phrases:**

* **Infinitive Phrase: To stop smoking, Tom bought a vaper.**
* **Present Participle Phrase: Listening to music, Tom fell asleep. Having finished his task, Tom….**
* **Past Participle Phrase: Finished with the task, Tom left to party.**